



**Overview of the  
Happy Kids Mobility Agency's  
expenses for the stay  
of incoming participants**

**2010 prices for Unpaid Work Experience / Internship Programme - TR**

<b>Programme Start:</b>	Any Monday (or as agreed between participants and Us)
<b>English Level:</b>	Intermediate and above
<b>Age Requirement:</b>	17 and above (unless agreed otherwise)
<b>Eligibility:</b>	LLP Leonardo Participants Only
<b>Length of Programme:</b>	Minimum 3 weeks (unless agreed otherwise)
<b>Locations:</b>	TR: Ankara
<b>Areas of Work:</b>	Most Vocational Sectors – please consult us
<b>Accommodation:</b>	Hotel, Dormitory, Hostel
<b>Certification:</b>	Happy Kids Work Experience Certificate Employers reference

**WORK Experience Option 1: Work Experience with 15 hours of Turkish Language Training and Accommodation**

PRICES per person in €										
Inclusive of Work Place Arrangement, Management 15 hours Turkish Language Training and Accommodation										
Weeks	2	3	4	6	8	9	10	12	13	
FB	1120	1330	1510	1902	2294	2479	2664	3061	3249	
HB	1078	1267	1426	1776	2126	2290	2454	2809	2976	

**WORK Experience Option 2: Work Experience with Accommodation**

PRICES per person in €										
Inclusive of Work Place Arrangement, Management and Accommodation										
Weeks	2	3	4	6	8	9	10	12	13	
FB	1020	1230	1410	1802	2194	2379	2564	2961	3149	
HB	978	1167	1326	1676	2026	2190	2354	2709	2876	

**Notes:**

- For other lengths of stay please consult us.
- FB = Full Board Accommodation (Bed, Breakfast, Packed Lunch and Evening Meal)
- HB = Half Board Accommodation (Bed, Breakfast and Evening Meal)
- Also included in the above fees:
  - Cultural Tour of Ankara (2/3 hrs)
  - Happy Kids Certificate of Work Experience (Internship) Programme
  - 24 hour Emergency Contact Number
  - EUROPASS Mobility Documentation
  - Completion of final report (LdV projects)

**Accompanying Teacher**

We welcome accompanying teachers. There are no administration charges. Please consult us about accommodation options.

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*We will organize Cultural events and trips to museums. All prices included.*

**Anitkabir (Ataturk's Mausoleum)**

It's located in an imposing position in the Anittepe quarter of Ankara. The Mausoleum of Kemal Ataturk, founder of the Turkish Republic, was built between 1944 - 1953 with an impressive fusion of ancient and modern architectural ideas and remains unsurpassed as an accomplishment of modern Turkish architecture. It covers an area of 750.000 square meters. There is a museum housing writings, letters and items belonging to Ataturk as well as an exhibition of photographs recording important moments in his life and the establishment of the Republic. An important exhibition of the War of Liberation is also open to the public. Ismet Inonu, comrad in arms of Ataturk and the second president of the Republic, is also buried in the courtyard facing the Mausoleum. (Anitkabir and the museum is open everyday, except Mondays. During the summer, there is a light and sound show in the evenings).

**Anatolian Civilizations Museum**

Close to the Citadel gate, a 15th century Ottoman bedesten has been beautifully restored and since 1921 it houses a marvelous and unique collection including Paleolithic, Neolithic, Chalcolithic, Hatti, Hittite, Phrygian, Lydian, Urartian and Roman works. In 1997, this great museum won the "European Museum of the Year" award among 65 museums from 21 European countries. (Open daily between 08:30-17:30 except Mondays. During the summer, the museum is open everyday).

**Ethnographical Museum**

Opposite the Opera House on Talat Pasa Boulevard in Namazgah district is the Ethnographical Museum. There is a fine collection of folkloric artifacts as well as fine items and rugs from Seljuk and Ottoman mosques in this museum since 1930. When Ataturk died in 1938, he was buried at the internal courtyard until the construction of his Mausoleum in 1953. The bronze statue of Ataturk on the horse in front of the museum was made in 1927 by an Italian artist P. Canonica. (Open daily between 08:30-17:00, except Mondays).

**Ankara Citadel**

The foundations of the citadel were laid by the Galatians on a prominent lava outcrop, and completed by the Romans; Then the Byzantines and Seljuks made restorations and additions. The area around and inside the citadel is the oldest part of Ankara and many fine examples of traditional architecture can be seen within its walls. Some of these old wooden houses are rennovated and used as small restaurants with the views of the city. There are also lovely green areas in which to relax.



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### **Temple of Augustus**

The Corinthian style temple can be found in the old Ulus district of Ankara. It was built in the 1st century BC and only later dedicated to the Roman Emperor Augustus at the beginning of the 1st century AD. It is important today for the 'Monument Ancyranum' or 'Res gestae Divi Augusti', the testament and political achievements of Augustus that is inscribed on its walls in both Latin and Greek. This inscription is the copy of the original which was engraved on two bronze pillars and placed at the entrance of his Mausoleum in Rome. The originals are lost but the copy engraved on the Augusteum in Ankara still exists. In the 5th century the temple was converted into a Christian church.

### **Roman Bath**

The bath, situated on Cankiri Avenue in Ulus, has the typical features of Roman baths: a frigidarium (cold section), tepidarium (cool section) and caldarium (hot section). The hot and warm rooms were wider divisions because of Ankara's very cold winter climate. They were built in the time of the Emperor Caracalla (3rd century AD) in honor of the god of medicine, Asclepius. The dimensions of the bath was 80x130 meters and it was made of stones and bricks. Today, only the basement and first floors remain.

### **Column of Julian**

This column, located in Ulus district, was erected in 362 AD probably to commemorate a visit by the Roman Emperor Julian the Apostate on his way to the campaign against Persians. It stands 15 meters high and has a typical leaf decoration on the capital.

### **Haci Bayram Mosque**

This mosque, located in Ulus district next to the Temple of Augustus, was built in the early 15th century and subsequently restored by Sinan in the 16th century with Kutahya tiles being added in the 18th century. The mosque was built in honor of Haci Bayram Veli, a sufi poet lived between 14th-15th centuries, whose tomb is next to the mosque.

### **Rahmi Koc Industrial Museum**

This is Turkey's second industrial museum opened in April 2005 by Koc family in a 500 year old building. Cengelhan was originally built in the mid-16th century by Rustem Pasha, husband of Mihrimah Sultan and son-in-law of Suleyman The Magnificent. This was a typical Anatolian caravanserai offering lodging for travelers and also supplies for the tradesman. This building opposite the Citadel is now converted into a museum preserving its architectural characteristics in a new setting. Here, the story of early industry is told through scale models since most of the full-size objects are on exhibit at the Rahmi Koc museum in Istanbul.